## A Resolution to Amend Senate Cloture To Abolish The Filibuster

1	WHEREAS,	Standing Senate rules require a 3/6 majority to end debate and vote
2		on an item; and
3	WHEREAS,	This has been used by both parties as a political party to stop
4		legislation from passing, even when a party controls both houses
5		of congress; and
6	WHEREAS,	Any party that controls both houses clearly enjoys public support
7		from the American electorate, and is therefore entitled to pass their
8		legislative agenda in congress; and
9	WHEREAS,	The standing % cloture rule empowers any party to thwart
10		legislation unless it has broad bipartisan support in the senate by
11		invoking the filibuster, stopping the passage of most legislation;
12		therefore, therefore be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States Senate
14		Committee on Rules and Administration lower the threshold for
15		cloture to a simple majority, thereby abolishing the filibuster.

1	WHEREAS,	China has a booming electric vehicle (EV) industry and developed
2		the public infrastructure necessary to support it; and
3	WHEREAS,	As countries like the United States and China switch to renewable
4		energy, electric vehicles become a more and more effective method
5		to reduce transportation emissions; and
6	WHEREAS,	America has levied sanctions on Chinese vehicles and green
7		technology, including a 100% tariff on Chinese EVs; and
8	WHEREAS,	This tactic protects the American auto industry at the expense
9		of global climate progress by thwarting the trade of cheap,
10		competitive, and clean EVs; and
11	WHEREAS,	Climate change and the accompanying consequences, such as
12		natural disasters and sea level rise, can only be mitigated with
13		cooperative international action; therefore, be it
14	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the US lower tariffs on the
15		import of Chinese electric vehicles, lithium-ion EV batteries, and
16		photovoltaic solar cells down to 10%.

## A Resolution to Repeal Obstructive Tariffs on Chinese Electric Vehicles (EVs)

## The FUTURE (Fair and Unified Transformation of U.S. Residency and Entry) Act of 2025

1	BE IT ENAC	TED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	<b>SECTION 1</b> .	The United States shall substantially increase investment in the
3		immigration system to expedite the immigration process and curb
4		the crisis at the border.
5	<b>SECTION 2</b> .	A) 20 billion dollars shall be provided to the U.S. Citizenship and
6		Immigration Services (USCIS).
7		B) 20 billion dollars shall be provided to U.S. Customs and
8		Border Protection (CBP).
9		C) The cap for family-based visas and employment-based visas
10		shall both be increased by 150,000 issued each year.
11		D) Any immigrant with a bachelor's degree shall be eligible to
12		apply for entry under a streamlined immigration process.
13		E) Immigrants on student-based visas may continue residing in the
14		US as legal residents after their visa expires.
15	SECTION 3.	The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) and the Department
16		of Justice (DOJ) shall be responsible for implementing this bill.
17		The USCIS and DHS shall use their awarded 20 billion grants to
18		hire immigration judges, border agents, and other personnel as
19		necessary.
20	<b>SECTION 4</b> .	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025. All laws in
21		conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## The Migrant Rights Accountability (M.R.A.) Act

1	BE IT ENACTI	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1. T	The United States shall impose economic sanctions on Brazil in
3	r	response to their restriction of entry for certain Asian migrants as a
4	V	violation of international human rights standards. These sanctions
5	S	shall remain in place until Brazil reverses the policy.
6	SECTION 2. 7	The sanctions shall include:
7	ŀ	A) A suspension of trade negotiations and agreements with Brazil.
8	H	B) Targeted financial sanctions on Brazilian government officials
9	r	responsible for enforcement of these migration restrictions.
10	(	C) Restrictions on U.S. aid to Brazil, with exceptions for
11	h	numanitarian assistance. linked to government infrastructure.
12	Ι	D) A suspension of U.S investments in Brazilian industries directly
13	1	inked to government infrastructure.
14	SECTION 3. T	The US Department of the Treasury and the US Department of
15	S	State shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
16	SECTION 4. T	This legislation will take effect immediately. All laws in conflict
17	v	with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.